

D.

The figure of the Greek Δ, according to Galen, was the sign for quartan fever.

DABACH, Viscum album.

DACNE'RON, (δακνηρον, from δακνειν, 'to bite.')

An ancient name for a collyrium, composed of oxide of copper, pepper, cadmia, myrrh, saffron, gum Arabic, and opium.

DACRY, *Dacryma*, *Dacryon*, (δακρυ, 'a tear.')

DACRYADENALGIA, (*Dacryoadenalgia*, (*dacry*, *adēn*, 'a gland,' and *algos*, 'pain.')

Disease or pain in the lachrymal gland.

DACRYADENITIS, (*Dacryoadenitis*, (*dacry*, *adēn*, 'a gland,' and *itis*.)

Inflammation of the lachrymal gland.

DACRYALLEGOSIS, (*dacry*, and *αλλοιωσις*, 'change.')

A morbid condition of the tears.

DACRYDION, (from δακρυ, 'a tear,' from the gummy exudation.)

Convulsus scammonia.

DACRYGELOSIS, (*dacry*, and *γελαω*, 'I laugh.')

A kind of insanity, in which the patient weeps and laughs at the same time.

DACRYHEMORRHYSIS; *Sanguineous Lachrymation*, (*dacry*, and *αιμορροισις*, 'hemorrhage.')

A flow of bloody tears.

DACRYMA, (δακρυμα,) see *Dacry*.

DACRYOADENALGIA, *Dacryadenalgia*.

DACRYOADENITIS, *Dacryadenitis*.

DACRYOBLENNORRHOEA, (*dacryon*, *βλενω*, 'mucus,' and *ῥεω*, 'I flow.')

Discharge of tears mixed with mucus.

DACRYOCYSTALGIA, (*dacryon*, *κυστις*, 'a sac,' and *algos*, 'pain.')

Disease or pain in the lachrymal sac.

DACROCYSTIS, (*dacryon*, and *κυστις*, 'a sac,')

lachrymal sac.

DACROCYSTITIS, (*dacrocystis*, and *itis*.)

Inflammation of the lachrymal sac.

DACRYOCYSTOSYRINGOKATAKLEISIS; (*dacryocystis*, *συριγξ*, 'a pipe, a fistula,' and *κατακλεισις*, 'a locking up.')

A term proposed by Dieffenbach for the healing of lachrymal fistulae by transplantation.

The operation consists in paring the edges of the fistula, loosening the borders, and assisting the requisite tegumental displacement by lateral incisions.

DACRYODES, (δακρυωδης, from *dacryon*, and *οδωσ*.)

Lacrymosus. Weeping; resembling tears:—hence, *Ulcus dacryodes*. A sanious ulcer, a weeping sore.

DACRYOLITE, *Dacryolithus*, *Dacryolith*, (F.)

Dacryolithes, (*dacryon*, and *λιθος*, 'a stone.')

A concretion found in the lachrymal passages. When in the nasal duct, it is termed *Rhinolith*.

Rhinolithus, *Rhinodacryolith*, *Rhinodacryolithus*.

DACRYOLITHIASIS, (*dacryon*, and *λιθιασις*, 'formation of calculi.')

The formation of concretions in the tears

DACRYOLITHUS, *Dacryolite*.

DACRYOMA, gen. *Dacryomatin*. Epiphora.

(from *dacryon*, and *ομα*.) The effusion of tears, occasioned by an occlusion of the puncta lacrymalia.

DACRYON, (δακρυον,) Tear.

DACRYOPE'US, (*dacryon* and *ποιωω*, 'I make.')

A substance which excites the secretion of tears, —as the onion, horse-radish, garlic, &c.

DACRYOPS, gen. *Dacryopsis*, from *dacryon*, and *ωψ*, 'the eye.')

A weeping eye. A tumefaction of the lachrymal ducts, or lachrymal cyst.

DACRYOPYORRHOE'IA, *Pyorrhoea viarum lacrymalium*, (*dacryon*, *πυω*, 'pus,' and *ῥεω*, 'to flow.')

A discharge of tears mixed with purulent matter.

DACRYORRHOE'IA, *Dacryrrhoea*, *Dacryor-*

rhysis, *Dacryorrhysis*, (*dacryon*, and *ῥεω*, 'to flow.')

A morbid flux of tears.

DACRYORRHYSIS, (*dacryon*, and *ῥοισις*, 'a flow,')

Dacryorrhoea.

DACRYOSOLEN, (*dacryon*, and *ωλην*, 'a canal,')

Lachrymal canal.

DACRYOSOLENITIS, (*dacryosolen*, and *itis*.)

Inflammation of the lachrymal ducts.

DACRYOSYRINX, (*dacryon*, and *συριγξ*, 'a fistula,')

Fistula lacrymalis.

DACRYRRHOEA, *Dacryorrhoea*.

DACRYRRHYSIS, *Dacryorrhoea*.

DACTYLE'THRA, *Dactylithra*, (δακτυληθρα, 'a covering for a finger.')

A name given by the ancients to different topical applications having the form of a finger, and proper for being introduced into the throat to excite vomiting.

DACTYLETUS, *Hermoadactylus*.

DACTYLION, *Dactylium*, (F.) *Dactylus palmis*, *Webbed fingers*, (δακτυλος, 'a finger.')

The union of the fingers with each other. This affection is generally congenital; but it may be owing to burns, ulcerations, inflammation of the fingers, &c.

DACTYLITIS, (*dactylo*, and *itis*.)

Paronychia.

DACTYLIIUS, (δακτυλιος,) *Annulus*. A ring. A troch or lozenge, when shaped like a finger.

The anus.

DACTYLUS ACULE'ATUS. A worm of a light colour, annulated, cylindrical, but tapering slightly towards both extremities, from two-fifths to four-fifths of an inch long, which has been found in the urine.

DACTYLO, (δακτυλος, 'a finger,')

in composition, finger.

DACTYLODOCHME, (δακτυλοδοχη,) *Dochme*.

DACTYLOLOGY, *Dactyloglogia*, (*dactylo*, and *λογος*, 'a discourse.')

Conversing with the fingers, —as by the deaf and dumb.

DACTYLOSYPHYSIS, (*dactylo*, and *συμφυσις*, 'union.')

Adhesion of the fingers to each other.

DACTYLOTHE'KĒ, (*dactylo*, and *θηκη*, 'a case or sheath.')

An instrument for keeping the fingers extended when wounded.

DACTYLUS, (δακτυλος,) *Dig'itus*. A finger.

The smallest measure of the Greeks, the sixth part of a foot. Also, the Date.

DÆDA'LEA SUAVE'OLENS, *Boletus seu Fungus Salicis*, *Boletus discoideus seu suave'olens*, *Fungus albus saligenus*, (F.)

Agaric odorant, *Bolet odorant*. *Ord. Fungi*. A champignon, which grows on the trunks of old willows. It has a smell of anise, which is penetrating and agreeable; and has been recommended in phthisis pulmonalis in the dose of a scruple four times a day.

DÆDALUS, *Hydrargyrum*.

DÆDION, (dim. of *δαις*, 'a torch,')

Bougie.

DÆMONIA, *Demonomania*.

DÆMONIACUS, (δαμων, 'a demon,')

Possessed.

DÆMONOMANIA, *Demonomania*.

DÆMONOPATHIA, *Demonomania*.

DÆS. (δαις,) *Tæda*.

DAFFING, *Insanity*.

DAFFODIL, *Narcissus pseudonarcissus*.

DAFFY'S ELIXIR, (after the proposer,) *Tinctura sennæ composita*.

DAFT, (Sc. and Prov.,)

Insane.

DAG, *Stitch*.

DAISY, (Sax. *bæge þege*.)

Chrysanthemum leucanthemum, *Erigeron Philadelphicum*—d. Common, *Bellis*—d. Ox-eye, *Chrysanthemum leucanthemum*.

DALBY'S CARMINATIVE, (after the proposer.)

A celebrated empirical remedy, much used as a carminative for children. The follow

ing is a form for its preparation: (*Magnesia alb.* ℥ij; *Ol. mentha pip.* gtt. j; *Ol. nuc. moschat.* gtt. iij; *Ol. anisi.* gtt. iij; *Tinct. castor.* gtt. xxx; *Tinct. asafetid.* gtt. xv; *Tinct. opii.* gtt. v; *Sp. pulgii.* gtt. xv; *Tinct. cardam.* c. gtt. xxx; *Aque mentha pip.* ℥ij. M.) A Committee of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy recommended the following form:—*Aque Ox.*; *Sacchar. alb.* ℥xxxij; *Carbon. Potass.* ℥ss; *Carb. Mag.* ℥xij; *Tinct. Opii.* f℥vj; *Ol. menth. pip.*, *Ol. Anethi* ℥ciculi. āā ℥ij. M.

DALCOP, Idiot.

DALTONIAN. An absurd name given to one who cannot distinguish colours; because the celebrated physician Dalton had the defect. See Achromatopsia.

DALTONISM, Achromatopsia.

DAMP, AFTER, ([G.] D a m p f, 'vapor,') see Hydrogen, carburetted—d. Black, see Hydrogen, carburetted—d. Choke, Carbonic Acid, see Hydrogen, carburetted—d. Fire, Hydrogen, carburetted.

DAMSON, (from Damascus,) Prunum Damascenum, see Prunum—d. Mountain, Quassia simarouba—d. Tree, Prunus domestica.

DANCE, see Mania, dancing—d. St. John's, see Mania, dancing—d. St. Vitus's, Chorea, see Mania, dancing.

DANC'ING, *Salta'tio*, (F.) *Danse*, (G.) T a n z. A kind of exercise and amusement, composed of a succession of motions, gestures, and attitudes, executed by measured steps to the sound of the voice or musical instruments. It is a healthy exercise.

DANCING MANIA, see Mania, dancing—d. Plague, see Mania, dancing.

DANDELION, ([F.] *dent de lion*, 'lion's tooth,') *Leontodon taraxacum*.

DANDER, (from *Dandriff*,) Pityriasis.

DANDRUFF, (Sax. *can*, 'a spreading eruption,') and *druf*, 'filthy,') Pityriasis.

DANDRUFFE, Pityriasis.

DANDY, Dengue.

DANEVERT, MINERAL WATERS OF. A spring, a league and a half from Upsal, in Sweden. The waters contain carbonic acid, holding in solution carbonate of iron, sulphate of iron, sulphates of soda and lime, chloride of sodium, and silica. It is frequently employed in medicine.

DANEWORT, Sambucus ebulus.

DANICH; an Arabic word, signifying the weight of 8 grains.

DANIEL/LIA THURIF'ERA. The *Frank'incense Tree* of Western Africa, which furnishes the product termed *African Frank'incense*.

DANSE, Dancing—d. *de St. Guy*, Chorea—d. *de St. Witt*, Chorea.

DAOUN SETAN, see Urtica.

DAPHNE, (*δαφνη*, after the nymph *Daphne*, *Laurus*.)

DAPHNE ALP'NA, *Chama'le'a*, *Chama'le'a*, *Wild'olive*. *Ord.* Thymelææ. *Sec. Syst.* Octandria Monogynia. A sort of dwarf-olive. An acrid, volatile, alkaline principle was separated from the bark of this plant by M. Vauquelin, to which he gave the name *Daph'nine*. The plants of the genus owe their vesicating property to this principle.

DAPHNÉ BOISGENTIL, *Daphne mezereum*—d. Flax-leaved, *Daphne gnidium*—d. *Garou*, *Daphne gnidium*.

DAPHNE GNID'UM, *D. panicula'ta*, *Thymelæ'a*, *Th. Monspeli'aca*, *Thymelæ'a*, *Cneo'ron*, *Spurge Flax*, *Flax-leaved Daph'né*. The plant which furnishes the *Garou Bark*, (F.) *Daphné Garou*, *Sain-bois*. It is chiefly used, when used at all, for exciting irritation of the skin. The *Gra'na Gnid'ia*, (see *Cnid'ia gra'na*.) are acrid poisons, like all the plants of this genus, when taken in quantity. According to others, the garou bark

and grana gnidia are obtained from the *Daphne laureola*.

DAPHNE LAURE'OLA, *D. maj'or*, *Thymelæ'a laure'ola*. The systematic name of the *Spurge Laurel*, *Laure'ola*. The bark of this plant has similar properties to the last.

DAPHNE LIOTTARDI, *D. Mezereum*—d. *Major*, *D. laureola*.

DAPHNE MEZE'REUM OR MEZERE'UM, *D. Liotard'ia*, *Thymelæ'a meze'reum*. The systematic name of the *Meze'reon*, *Meze'reum*, *Spurge olive*, (F.) *Daphné Boisgentil*, *Jolibois*. The bark of the meze'reon, *Meze'reum*, possesses analogous properties to the other varieties of *Daphne*. In the Pharmacopœia of the United States, *Mezereum* is the bark of *Daphne mezereum*, and of *Daphne gnidium*. It is considered stimulant and diaphoretic; and, in large doses, is emetic. It has been employed in syphilitic cases, but its efficacy is doubtful. Soaked in vinegar,—*meze'reum aceta'tum*,—like the other varieties of *daphne*, it has been employed to irritate the skin, especially to keep issues open.

DAPHNE PANICULATA, *D. Gnidium*.

DAPHNELÆ'ON, *O'leum Lauri'nium*, (*δαφνελαιον*, from *δαφνη*, 'the laurel or bay tree,' and *ελαιον*, 'oil,') *Oil of Bay*.

DAPHNINE, see *Daphne Alpina*.

DARNEL, *Lolium temulentum*.

DARSEN, *Laurus cinnamomum*.

DARSINI, *Laurus cinnamomum*.

DAR'SIS, (*δαρσις*, from *δερω*, 'I excoriate,' 'I skin,') The Greek physicians seem to have used this word to designate the anatomical preparation, which consists in removing the skin for exposing the organs covered by it.

DARTA, Impetigo—d. Excoriativa, *Herpes exedens*—d. *Maligna*, *Herpes exedens*.

DAR'TOS, (*δαρτος*, 'skinned,') *Membr'na carno'sa*, *Tu'nica musculo'ris seu rubicun'da sero'ti*, *T. dar'tos*, *Marsu'pium musculo'sum*. A name given to the second covering of the testicle, which the ancient anatomists conceived to be muscular, but which is merely areolar. Its external surface is towards the serotum; the internal towards the tunica vaginalis. Frederick Lobstein and Breschet consider, that it proceeds from an expansion of the fibrous cord, known by the name *Gubernaculum testis*.

DARTRE, (*Darta*, [?]) *Herpes*, *Impetigo*, *Pityriasis*—d. *Croûtéuse*, *Impetigo*—d. *Crustacée*, *Ecthyma impetigo*—d. *Crustacée flavescente*, *Porri'go lupinosa*—d. *Écailleuse*, *Psoriasis*—d. *Fongueuse*, *Ecthyma*—d. *Furfuracée arrondie*, *Lepra*, *Lepra vulgaris*—d. *Furfuracée volante*, *Lichen*, *Pityriasis*—d. *Phlycténoïde*, *Herpes*, *phlyctænoïdes*—d. *Pustuleuse conoprose*, *Gutta rosea*—d. *Pustuleuse disséminée*, *Acne*—d. *Pustuleuse mentagra*, *Sycosis*—d. *Rongeante*, *Herpes exedens*; see *Esthioniemus*—d. *Squammeuse humide*, *Eczema*—d. *Squammeuse lichénoïde*, *Psoriasis*—d. *Tonsurante*, *Porri'go decalvans*—d. *Vive*, *Eczema*.

DARTREUX (F.), *Herpet'ic*. Participating in the characters of *Dartre* or *Herpes*. Also, one affected with *dartre*. *Dartre* has been used, at one time or other, for almost every disease of the skin. See *Herpes*.

DASY'MA, (*δαυς*, 'rough,' 'hairy,') A disease of the eye—the same as *trachoma*, but less in degree.

DASY'TES, (*δαυρτες*,) Roughness, particularly of the tongue and voice. Hairiness, *Hirsu'ties*.

DATE, *Pal'mula*, *Dactylus*, *Bal'anos*, *Phœ'nice'cos*. The fruit of the *Phœ'nice dactylif'era* see *ecc'isa*, *Pal'ma dactylif'era*, (F.) *Date*. The unripe date is astringent. When ripe, it resembles the fig. The juice of the tree is refrigerant.

DATE PLUM, INDIAN, *Diospyrus lotus*.

DATTE, *Date*.

DATURA, (Arab. *tatorah*,) *D. Stramonium*.

